Faculty of mathematics and physics Charles University in Prague 5th April 2016



UT2004 bots made easy!

Pogamut 3

Lecture $6 - A^* + V$ is ibility



Bussiness as usual



- Copy UT2004 into D:\
- Start downloading the bot:
 <u>http://alturl.com/45x9m</u>
 - http://diana.ms.mff.cuni.cz/pogamut_files/lectures/2014-2015/L6-HideAndSeekBot.zip

Warm Up!



- Fill the short test for this lessons
 - 7 minutes
 - https://goo.gl/kgs0ly
 - 0 vs 0, i vs. l vs. 1
 - <u>https://docs.google.com/forms/d/1djQW1MCz2dCX3rMzl6</u> <u>OvsBnz-Kq1UAyv_mpiwqG7dbA/viewform</u>

Today's menu



1. Big Picture

2. Visibility abstraction

- Visibility matrix
- Visibility
- this.visibility
- 3. How to reason about path
 - A* and custom map view
 - UT2004AStar, IPFMapView<NavPoint>
 - this.aStar
- 4. Hide&Seek Game
 - Rules, Map
 - HideAndSeekMap
- 5. Hide&Seek Tournament Announcement

Big Picture Already covered





Game mechanics, Physics, Animation, Rendering

Big Picture Today





Game mechanics, Physics, Animation, Rendering

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Visibility Abstraction Visibility Matrix



Visibility class

- Contains precomputed visibility matrix between path points and some points on links
- Matrices for competition maps already

present





Visibility Matrix How to get to cover?



- How to find the cover?
 - Enemies ... $E_1..E_k$
 - Safe waypoints ... $S = \neg \bigvee_{i=1}^{k} V_{E_i}$



	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	1	1	0	0	0	0
V_2	1	1	0	1	0	1
V ₃	0	0	1	0	1	0
V_4	0	1	0	1	0	1
V_5	0	0	1	0	1	0
V_6	0	1	0	1	0	1

Visibility Matrix Smart attack





- . Choose target T
- . Others are enemies Ei



3. Navpoints other enemies Ei can see





 Navpoints target T is visible from

 V_{T}



4. Smart place to shoot from



Visibility Matrix Interesting methods



- Visibility class (this.visibility)
 getNearestVisibilityLocationTo(ILocated)
 getCoverPointsFrom(ILocated)
 getMatrix()
 isVisible(ILocated, ILocated)
- VisibilityMatrix class
 getMatrix()
 getNearestIndex(ILocated located)

Visibility Matrix Visibility matrix file



To be able to use the visibility matrix, you need to have a file with the visibility information
Each map has its own file. E.g.

VisibilityMatrix-DM-TrainingDay-all.bin

- Place this file in the root of the project folder of your bot
- Get all matrices from svn

svn://artemis.ms.mff.cuni.cz/pogamut/trunk/project/ Main/PogamutUT2004Examples/19-VisibilityBatchCreator/visibility-matrices

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A* Algorithm Reasoning



- Agent deliberation cycle
 - 1. Update senses
 - Some Players have become visible
 - 2. Update percepts
 - They are all enemies!
 - 3. Reason
 - Where can I take cover? How can I fallback?
 - => Infer new information given the senses / percepts
 - 4. Decide
 - Inform my team then ... should I take cover, fallback or attack?
 - 5. Take action

A* Algorithm Dijkstra



- Remembering Dijkstra's alg?
- Roughly speaking...

```
Nodes = {start}
while (!nodes.empty) {
  Node = pick_shortest_path(nodes)
  if (Node == Target)
    return reconstruct_path(Node)
  Nodes = Nodes \ Node
  expand(Node, Nodes)
}
```

A* Algorithm Dijkstra Example I





A* Algorithm Dijkstra Example II





A* Algorithm Dijkstra Example III





A* Algorithm Basics



- A* trick
- Roughly speaking...

```
Nodes = {start}
while (!nodes.empty) {
  Node = pick_the_most_promising(nodes)
  if (Node == Target) return
      reconstruct_path(Node)
  Nodes = Nodes \ Node
  expand(Node, Nodes)
}
```

A* Algorithm A* Example I





A* Algorithm A* Example II





A* Algorithm A* Example III





A* Algorithm Basics



- A* heuristic function must be...?
 - 1. Admissible for correctness
 - Do not over-estimate the path-cost
 - Consistent == Monotone (for efficiency)
 - "triangle inequation"
- Blah! Let's hack it!
 - What if we impose additional COST to some nodes or links?



- Let's choose some "nodes" or "links" that we want to avoid
 - B ... BADDIES ... nodes or links with extra cost
 - EC(B) ... EXTRA COST ... sum of extra cost over the B set
- We then have two types of metrics for the path
 - Len(p) ... PATH LENGTH ... real environment path length
 - Cost(p) ... PATH COST ... Len(p) + EC(p)
- Thus we can run A* using those two metrics
 - A*-Len(N,M) ... outputs the shortest path between nodes N and M
 - A*-Cost(N,M)

- ... outputs the shortest path between nodes N and M ... outputs the least costly path between nodes N and M
- What do A*-Len(N,M) and A*-Cost(N,M) look like?



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 - A*-Len(N,M)
 ... outputs the shortest path between nodes N and M
 - A*-Cost(N,M) ... outputs the least costly path between nodes N and M
- What do A*-Len(N,M) and A*-Cost(N,M) look like?
- 1. $A^*-Len(N,M) = A^*-Cost(N,M)$
 - A*-Len(N,M) path contains some B' that are not on the path of A*-Cost(N,M)
- \Rightarrow We have found a detour that is shorter than EC(B')!
 - Cost(A*-Cost(N,M)) < Len(A*-Len(N,M)) + EC(A*-Len(N,M))</pre>



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- Thus we can run A* using those two metrics
 - A*-Len(N,M) ... outputs the shortest path between nodes N and M
 - A*-Cost(N,M) ... outputs the least costly path between nodes N and M
- What do A*-Len(N,M) and A*-Cost(N,M) look like?
- 2. $A^*-Len(N,M) = A^*-Cost(N,M)$
 - Both paths contains B' subset of B
- \Rightarrow There is no other PATH(N,M), for which following would hold:
 - Cost(PATH(N,M)) < Len(A*-Len(N,M)) + EC(A*-Len(N,M))</pre>
 - Len(PATH(N,M)) + EC(PATH(N,M)) < Len(A*-Len(N,M)) + EC(B')</pre>
- \Rightarrow All other paths that would go around B' are longer than EC(B')!



Example map





Start-node





Target-node





Shortest path





Adversary we want to avoid





Let's rise the NODE cost ... is it enough?





No...





Rise the NODE cost again... enough now?





- Here you go!
 - Why was this path found?





- Adding important heuristic costs
 - So, are we cheating or not?



A* Algorithm Map cost tricks



- Combine it with enemy position!
 - extra cost = 500 / distance-to-enemy
- Combine it with Visibility class!
 - **boolean** visibility.**isVisible**(ILocated, ILocated)
- Combine both enemy position and the visibility!
- Combine with already-found path + fwMap and find different paths!
- Play with the cost iteratively
 - Different path not found? Ok, just rise the cost...
 - Does different path even exist?
 => Try to "forbid" some node/link completely

A* Algorithm Pogamut 3 Classes



UT2004AStar

this.aStar.findPath(from, to, IPFMapView);

Implement your own custom IPFMapView:

new IPFMapView<NavPoint>() {

public int getNodeExtraCost(NavPoint node, int mapCost) {}

public int getArcExtraCost(NavPoint nodeFrom, NavPoint nodeTo, int mapCost) {}

public boolean isNodeOpened(NavPoint node) {}

public boolean isArcOpened(NavPoint nodeFrom, NavPoint nodeTo) {}

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Hide&Seek Game Children play



- Custom "game-mode" for UT2004
- Two roles:
 - Seeker (having "it")
 - 2. Runner
- Seeker has to find runners and then get home (safe point) first to "capture them"
- Runners have to make it home (to safe point) before Seeker
- this.hide agent module
- Custom map: DM-HideAndSeekMap

Hide&Seek Game Rules specifics



- One match = 4 games of 10 rounds each of hide and seek with fixed seeker for each game
 - 1 round = 90 seconds (first 8 seconds hide time, next 5 seconds restricted safe area time)
- Spotting
 - Seeker "spots" runner when he sees him for at least 600 ms (cca "two logic() ticks")
 - Seeker is spawned into the map after first 8 seconds
- Safe area
 - Runners are not allowed to dwell around safe point for certain amount of time at the beginning of the game (5 seconds)

Hide&Seek Game Task point rewards



Scoring RUNNER

 Runner captured by seeker 	-10
 Runner fouled (went into safe area before timeout) 	-1000
 Runner made it to safe area before seeker 	150
 Runner survived round (haven't been captured by seeker) 	50
Scoring SEEKER	
Seeker captured runner (spotted + made it to s. a. first)	250
 Runner spotted 	50
 Runner escaped (made it to safe area before seeker) 	-20
 Runner survived (neither of them made it to safe area) 	-10
 Seeker fouled (dwelled in restricted area > 7 secs) 	-100

Hide&Seek Game Custom map



DM-HideAndSeekMap

###############
####
#.##.#.#.#
#.####.#.##.#
##.##.#
#.####.##.#.#
##
####.#.##.#.#
##.#.##.#.#
#.##.#.#.#.#
#.##.#.####.#
###
#######################################



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Hide&Seek Tournament Chance to score extra points!



4 bots

- Seeker, 3 Runners
- Random groups, Fixed map
- Fixed Seeker 4 matches per group
- Only bots submitted until Sunday 10.4.2016, 8:00 will participate
- No shooting allowed, no bot speed reconfigurations allowed, no manual respawns allowed

Assignment 6 Hide&Seek Bot



Create Hide&Seek Bot

- Implement both Seeker and Runner
- Tournament will be played on a different map, so we do not recommend using "static" information e.g. run to [1000,200,100] ^(C)
- To run the hide and seek match launch
 HideAndSeekGame class!
- For the tournament name the bot with your name in getInitializeCommand() method

Send us finished assignment

Via e-mail:

- Subject
 - "Pogamut homework 2016 Assignment X"
 - Replace `x' with the assignment number and the subject has to be without quotes of course
 - ...or face -2 score penalization
- **•** *To*
 - jakub.gemrot@gmail.com
 - Jakub Gemrot (Tuesday practice lessons)
- Attachment
 - Completely zip-up your project(s) folder except `target' directory and IDE specific files (or face -2 score penalization)
- Body
 - Please send us information about how much time it took you to finish the assignment + any comments regarding your implementation struggle
 - Information won't be abused/made public
 - In fact it helps to make the practice lessons better
 - Don't forget to mention your full name!

Questions? I sense a soul in search of answers...



- In case of doubts about the assignment, tournament or hard problems, bugs don't hesitate to contact us!
 - Jakub Gemrot (Tuesday labs)
 - jakub.gemrot@gmail.com